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**6 page Tri-Fold**  
**Digital PDF**

**AstraZeneca**

**FASLODEX Coding Resource**

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**US-21918**

# Coding Resource

## Indications for FASLODEX

### Monotherapy

FASLODEX is an estrogen receptor antagonist indicated for the:

- Treatment of hormone receptor (HR)-positive, human epidermal growth factor receptor 2 (HER2)-negative advanced breast cancer in postmenopausal women not previously treated with endocrine therapy
- Treatment of HR-positive advanced breast cancer in postmenopausal women with disease progression following endocrine therapy

### Combination Therapy

- FASLODEX in combination with palbociclib or abemaciclib is indicated for the treatment of HR-positive, HER2-negative advanced or metastatic breast cancer in women with disease progression after endocrine therapy

It is important to note that the codes identified below are examples only. Each provider is responsible for ensuring all coding is accurate and documented in the medical record based on the condition of the patient. The use of the following codes does not guarantee reimbursement.

## National Drug Code (NDC)

### 10-digit NDC

Dosage	Code
250 mg/5 mL	0310-0720-10

### 11-digit NDC

Dosage	Code
250 mg/5 mL	00310-0720-10

## Current Procedural Terminology<sup>®</sup> (CPT)<sup>1</sup>

Submitting accurate codes and claims is important to ensure proper reimbursement of services. The chart below lists the POTENTIAL CPT code for your reference when submitting claims for FASLODEX.

Code	Description
96402	Chemotherapy administration, subcutaneous or intramuscular; hormonal antineoplastic

## Healthcare Common Procedure Coding System (HCPCS)<sup>2</sup>

Code	Description	Vial Size	Billing Units
J9395	Injection, fulvestrant, 25 mg	250 mg/5 mL	10 Units

Please see Important Safety Information on pages 5-6, and accompanying full Prescribing Information with Patient Information.

# Coding Resource

## Diagnosis Codes<sup>3</sup>

ICD-10-CM	Description
<b>MALIGNANT NEOPLASMS OF BREAST</b>	
C50.011	Malignant neoplasm of nipple and areola, right female breast
C50.012	Malignant neoplasm of nipple and areola, left female breast
C50.019	Malignant neoplasm of nipple and areola, unspecified female breast
C50.111	Malignant neoplasm of central portion of right female breast
C50.112	Malignant neoplasm of central portion of left female breast
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ICD-10-CM	Description
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C50.411	Malignant neoplasm of upper-outer quadrant of right female breast
C50.412	Malignant neoplasm of upper-outer quadrant of left female breast
C50.419	Malignant neoplasm of upper-outer quadrant of unspecified female breast
C50.511	Malignant neoplasm of lower-outer quadrant of right female breast
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C50.519	Malignant neoplasm of lower-outer quadrant of unspecified female breast
C50.611	Malignant neoplasm of axillary tail of right female breast
C50.612	Malignant neoplasm of axillary tail of left female breast
C50.619	Malignant neoplasm of axillary tail of unspecified female breast
C50.811	Malignant neoplasm of overlapping sites of right female breast

ICD-10-CM	Description
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C50.819	Malignant neoplasm of overlapping sites of unspecified female breast
C50.911	Malignant neoplasm of unspecified site of right female breast
C50.912	Malignant neoplasm of unspecified site of left female breast
C50.919	Malignant neoplasm of unspecified site of unspecified female breast
<b>PERSONAL HISTORY OF MALIGNANT NEOPLASM OF BREAST</b>	
Z85.3	Personal history of malignant neoplasm of breast

# Coding Resource

## IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION

### Contraindications

- FASLODEX is contraindicated in patients with known hypersensitivity to the drug or to any of its components. Hypersensitivity reactions, including urticaria and angioedema, have been reported in association with FASLODEX

### Risk of Bleeding

- Because FASLODEX is administered intramuscularly, it should be used with caution in patients with bleeding diatheses, thrombocytopenia, or anticoagulant use

### Hepatic Impairment

- FASLODEX is metabolized primarily in the liver. A 250 mg dose is recommended in patients with moderate hepatic impairment (Child-Pugh class B). FASLODEX has not been evaluated in patients with severe hepatic impairment (Child-Pugh class C)

### Injection Site Reaction

- Use caution while administering FASLODEX at the dorsogluteal injection site due to the proximity of the underlying sciatic nerve. Injection site–related events, including sciatica, neuralgia, neuropathic pain, and peripheral neuropathy, have been reported with FASLODEX injection

### Embryo-Fetal Toxicity and Lactation

- Advise pregnant women of the potential risk to a fetus. Advise women of reproductive potential to use effective contraception during FASLODEX treatment and for 1 year after the final dose. Advise lactating women not to breastfeed during treatment with FASLODEX and for 1 year after the final dose because of the potential risk to the infant

### Immunoassay Measurement of Serum Estradiol

- Due to structural similarity of fulvestrant and estradiol, FASLODEX can interfere with estradiol measurement by immunoassay, resulting in falsely elevated estradiol levels

### Adverse Reactions

#### *Monotherapy*

- The most common adverse reactions occurring in  $\geq 5\%$  of patients receiving FASLODEX 500 mg were injection site pain, nausea, bone pain, arthralgia, headache, back pain, fatigue, pain in extremity, hot flash, myalgia, vomiting, anorexia, diarrhea, asthenia, musculoskeletal pain, cough, dyspnea, and constipation
- Increased hepatic enzymes (ALT, AST, ALP) occurred in  $>15\%$  of FASLODEX patients and were not dose-dependent

#### *Combination Therapy—FASLODEX plus palbociclib*

- The most frequently reported Grade  $\geq 3$  adverse reactions in patients receiving FASLODEX plus palbociclib in descending frequency were neutropenia and leukopenia
- Adverse reactions ( $\geq 10\%$ ) of any grade reported in patients receiving FASLODEX 500 mg plus palbociclib 125 mg/day by descending frequency were neutropenia, leukopenia, infections, fatigue, nausea, anemia, stomatitis, diarrhea, thrombocytopenia, vomiting, alopecia, rash, decreased appetite, and pyrexia
- Additional adverse reactions occurring at an overall incidence of  $<10\%$  of patients receiving FASLODEX plus palbociclib included asthenia, aspartate aminotransferase increased, dysgeusia, epistaxis, lacrimation increased, dry skin, alanine aminotransferase increased, vision blurred, dry eye, and febrile neutropenia

Please see additional Important Safety Information on page 6, and accompanying full Prescribing Information for FASLODEX with Patient Information.

# Coding Resource

## IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

### *Combination Therapy—FASLODEX plus abemaciclib*

- The most frequently reported ( $\geq 5\%$ ) Grade 3 or 4 adverse reactions in patients receiving FASLODEX plus abemaciclib were neutropenia, diarrhea, leukopenia, anemia, and infections
- The most common adverse reactions ( $\geq 20\%$ ) of any grade reported in patients receiving FASLODEX 500 mg plus abemaciclib 150 mg twice daily were diarrhea, fatigue, neutropenia, nausea, infections, abdominal pain, anemia, leukopenia, decreased appetite, vomiting, and headache

### Indications for FASLODEX

#### *Monotherapy*

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- Treatment of HR-positive advanced breast cancer in postmenopausal women with disease progression following endocrine therapy

#### *Combination Therapy*

- FASLODEX in combination with palbociclib or abemaciclib is indicated for the treatment of HR-positive, HER2-negative advanced or metastatic breast cancer in women with disease progression after endocrine therapy

**Please see additional Important Safety Information on page 5, and accompanying full Prescribing Information with Patient Information.**

**You are encouraged to report negative side effects of AstraZeneca prescription drugs by calling 1-800-236-9933. If you prefer to report these to the FDA, either visit [www.FDA.gov/medwatch](http://www.FDA.gov/medwatch) or call 1-800-FDA-1088.**

For more information, call AstraZeneca Access 360™ at **1-844-ASK-A360**, Monday through Friday, 8 AM to 8 PM ET.

 **1-844-ASK-A360** (1-844-275-2360)

 **1-844-FAX-A360** (1-844-329-2360)

 **[www.MyAccess360.com](http://www.MyAccess360.com)**

 **[Access360@AstraZeneca.com](mailto:Access360@AstraZeneca.com)**

 **One MedImmune Way**, Gaithersburg, MD 20878

**References:** 1. American Medical Association. CPT® 2017 Professional Edition. Chicago, IL: American Medical Association; 2017. 2. Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services. HCPCS Release & Code Sets. <https://www.cms.gov/Medicare/Coding/HCPCSReleaseCodeSets/Alpha-Numeric-HCPCS.html>. Accessed June 20, 2018. 3. American Medical Association. ICD-10-CM 2017: The Complete Official Codebook. Chicago, IL: American Medical Association; 2017.



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- FASLODEX is metabolized primarily in the liver. A 250 mg dose is recommended in patients with moderate hepatic impairment (Child-Pugh class B). FASLODEX has not been evaluated in patients with severe hepatic impairment (Child-Pugh class C).

#### Injection Site Reaction

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5

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5

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6

F5:8"

F:8.375"

F5:8"

F:8.5"

F5:8.125"

F:8.5"

5:10.75"

1:11"

B:11.125"



B:25.625"  
T:25.375"  
S:25.125"



# Coding Resource

## Diagnosis Codes<sup>3</sup>

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Z85.3	Personal history of malignant neoplasm of breast

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2

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3

Please see Important Safety Information on pages 5-6, and accompanying full Prescribing Information with Patient Information.

4

FS:8.125"  
F:8.5"

FS:8"  
F:8.5"

FS:8"  
F:8.375"

B:11.25"  
T:11"  
S:10.75"